

# Early Infection Transcriptome Analysis of *Globodera pallida* Infected in the Susceptible *Solanum tuberosum* and Resistant *Solanum sisymbriifolium*

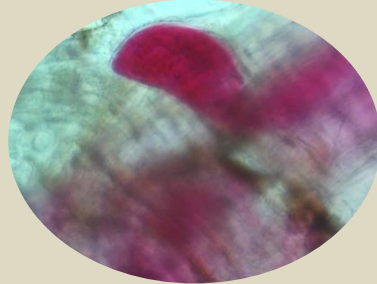
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## *Globodera pallida* (Pale Cyst Nematode, PCN)

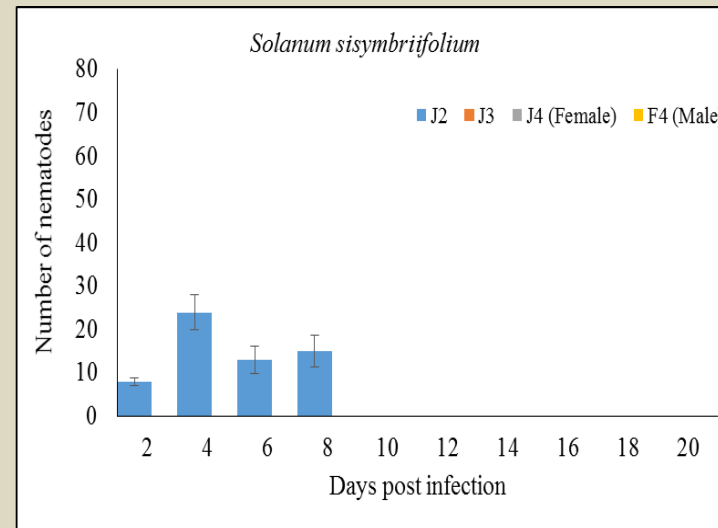
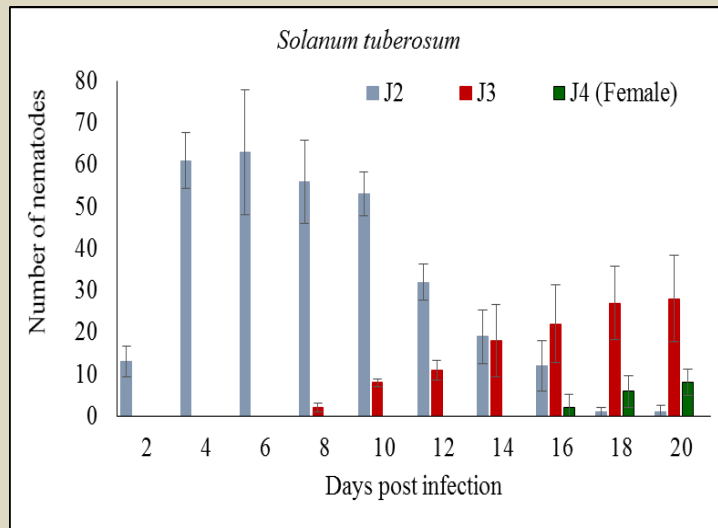


- One of the most economically important pests of potato, causing in excess of 80% yield loss.
- First detected in the United States in 2006 in Idaho, and is regulated by both USDA-APHIS and the Idaho State Department of Agriculture.

## *Solanum sisymbriifolium*



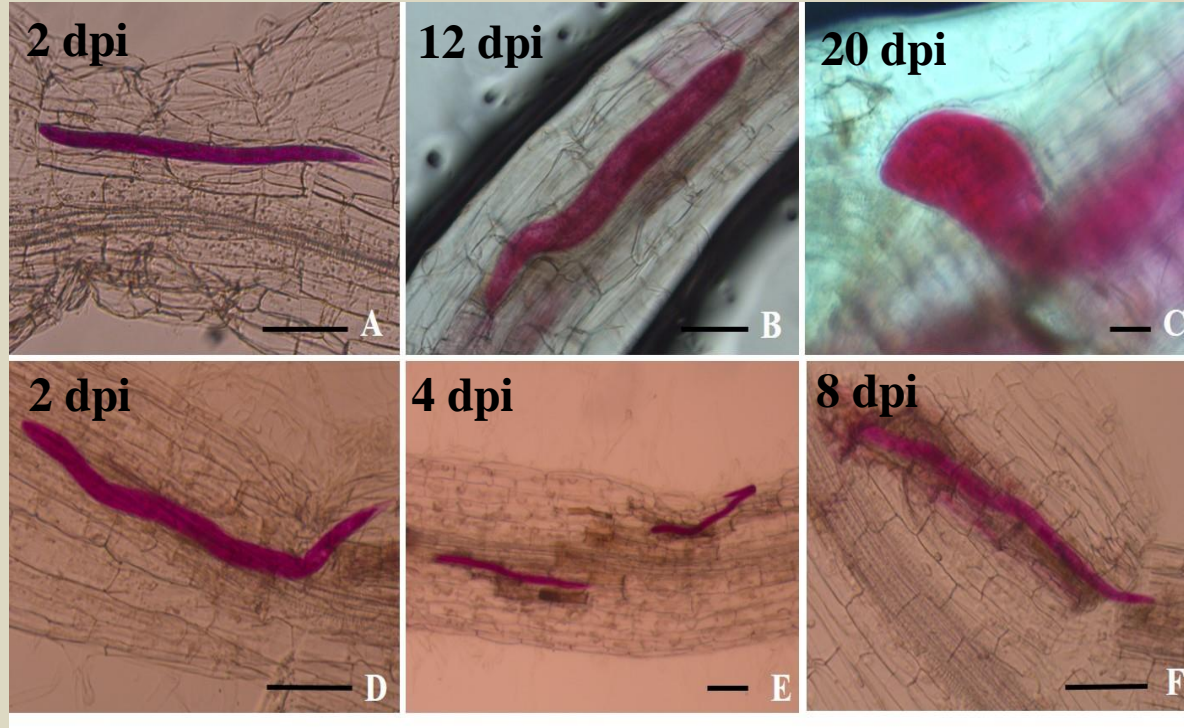
- Non-tuber-bearing solanaceous plant.
- Promising trap crop for the control of *G. pallida*.



**Immune response in *S. sisymbriifolium***

## Immune response in *S. sisymbriifolium*

*Solanum tuberosum*  
*Solanum sisymbriifolium*



Scale bar = 50  $\mu$ M

**Objective: To study the transcriptome profile of *G. pallida* infected in *S. tuberosum* and *S. sisymbriifolium* at early infection stage**

- Infected nematodes were collected from *S. sisymbriifolium* and *S. tuberosum* roots at 24 hours post infestation and frozen in liquid nitrogen and stored at -80 °C.
- ~ 150 J2s were collected from *S. tuberosum*, whereas, the number of J2s in *S. sisymbriifolium* were ~ 30-50.
- RNA was isolated and the RNA seq libraries were prepared using TruSeq® Stranded mRNA NeoPrep™ Kit (Illumina) and sequenced on Illumina HiSeq 4000 (100 bp, paired end) (UC Berkeley Sequencing facility).



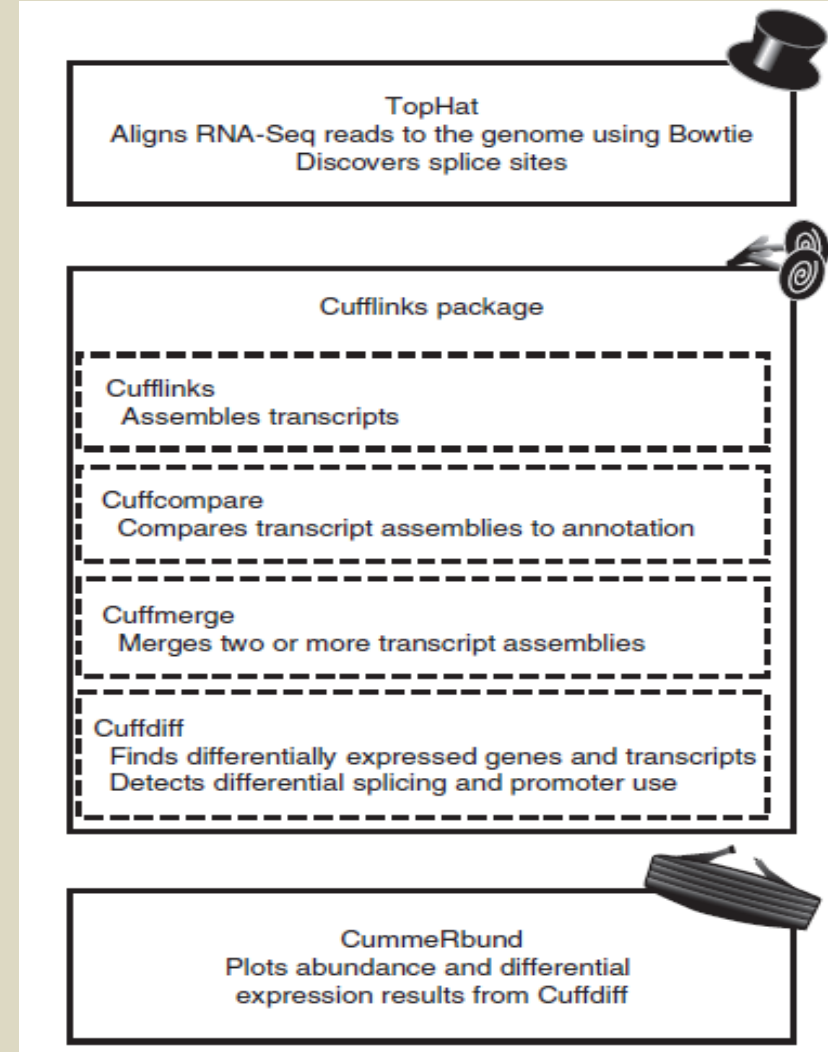
Single root inoculation prototype

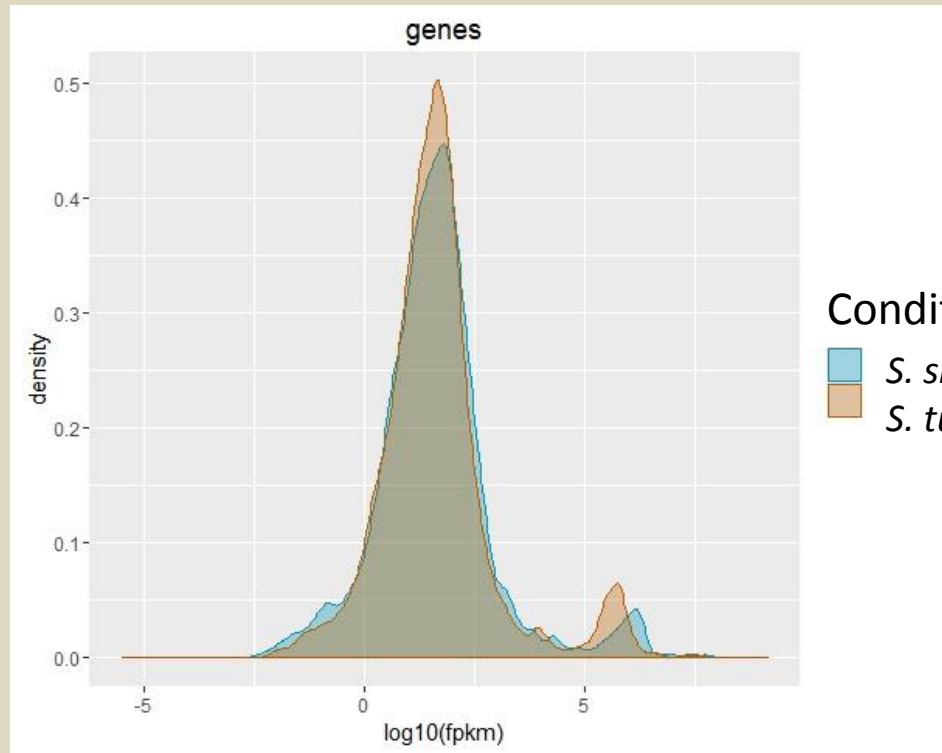


- FAST QC for quality control
- Trimmomatic for read trimming to delete all the adapters and primer sequences

## Tuxedo Suite

Trapnell *et al.* (2012). *Nature Protocols* 7, 562–578





### Conditions

- S. sisymbriifolium*
- S. tuberosum*

21989 genes  
29549 isoforms

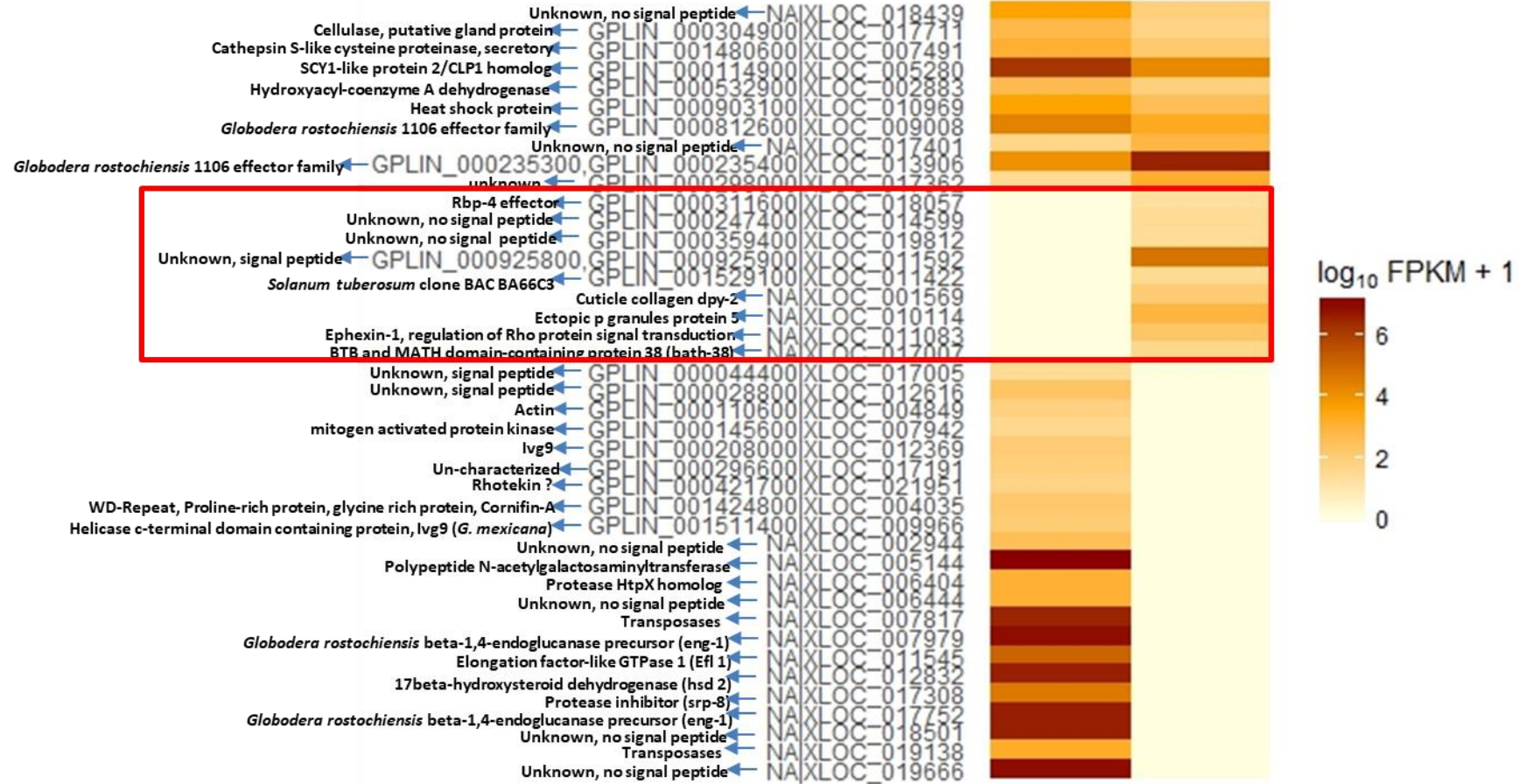
Density plot: Distribution of expression values for the transcripts

\* FPKM: Fragments per kilobase of exons per million fragments mapped



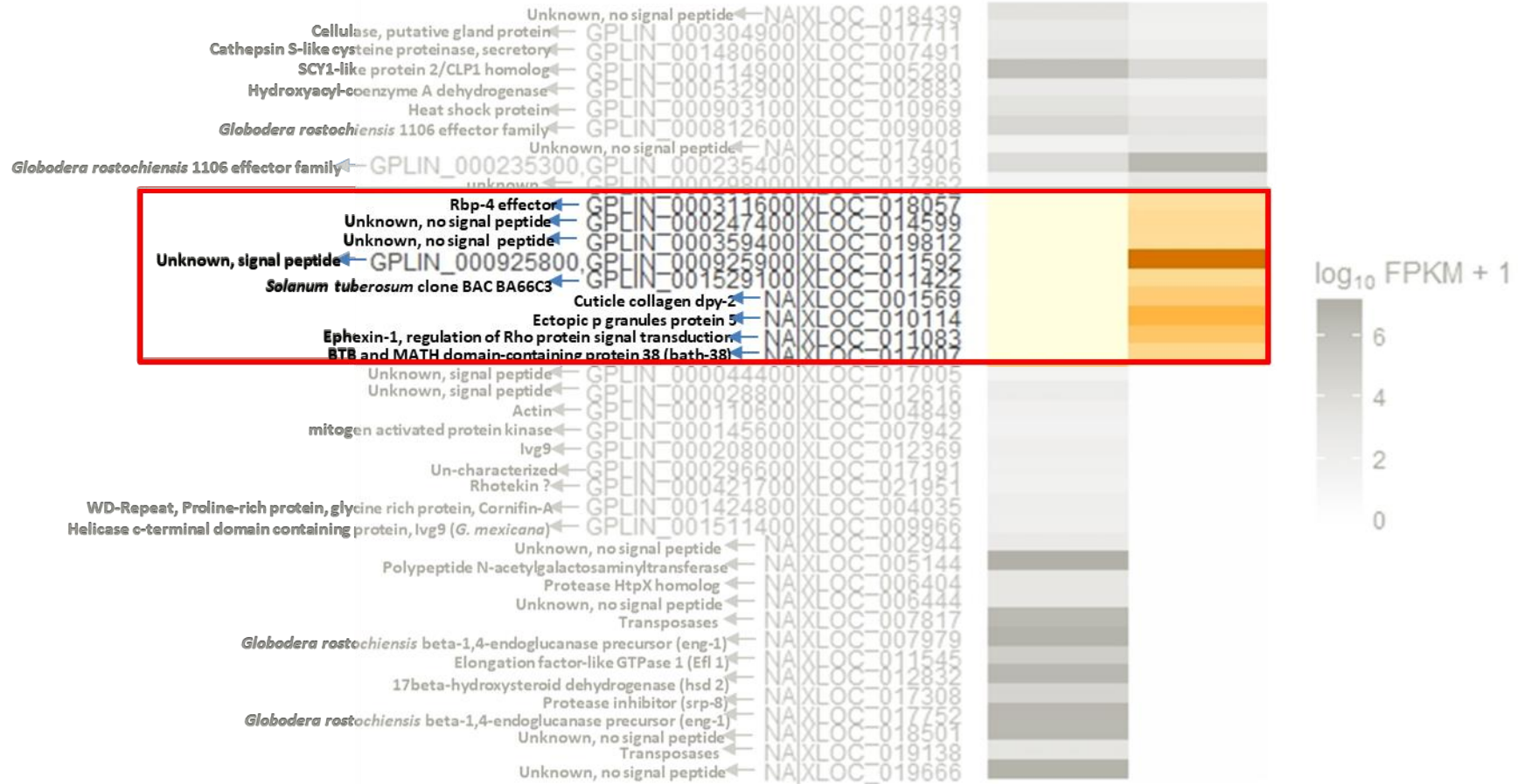
# Heatmap of significantly differentially expressed genes

*S. sisymbriifolium* *S. tuberosum*



# Heatmap of significantly differentially expressed genes

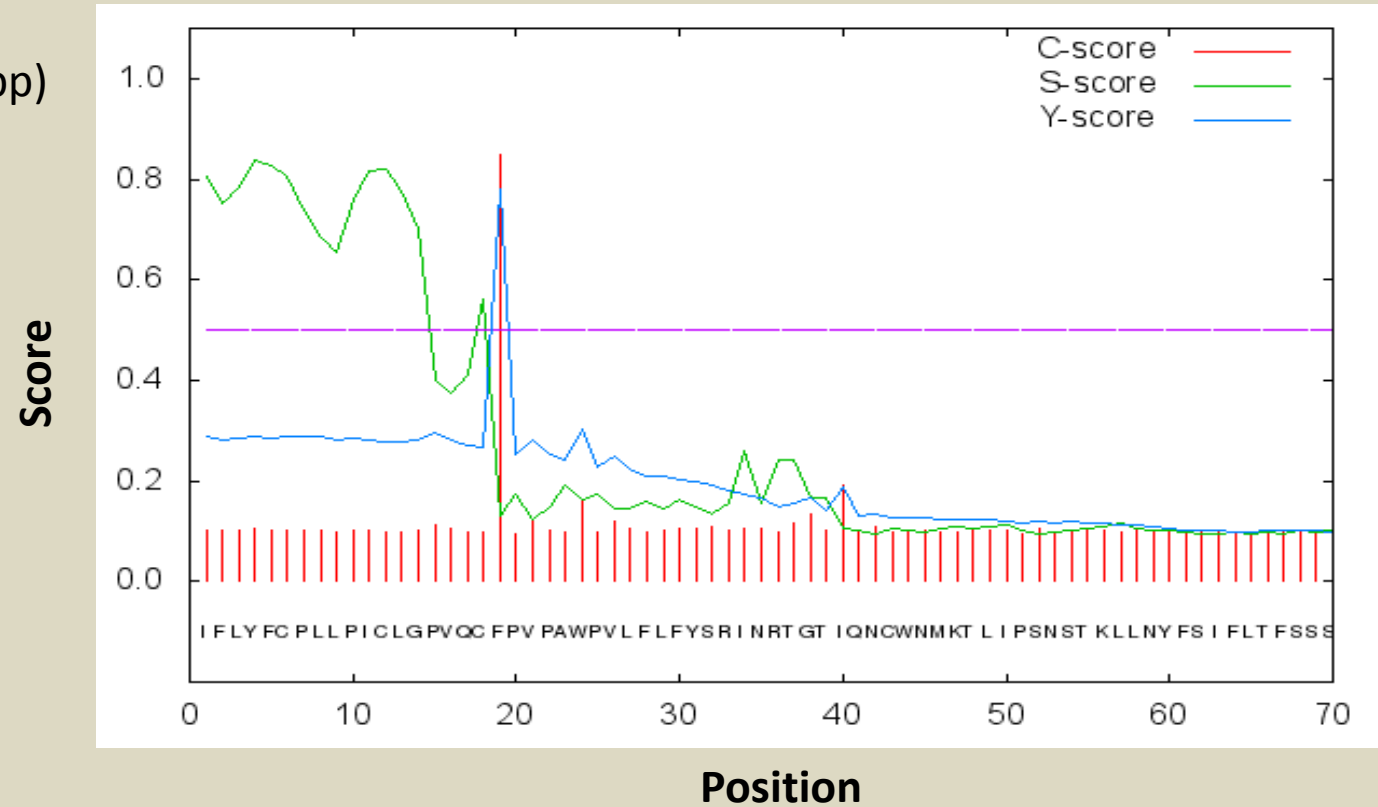
*S. sisymbriifolium* *S. tuberosum*



## Rbp-4 effector

Retinol binding proteins (Rbp)

### SignalP-4.1 prediction (euk networks): Sequence

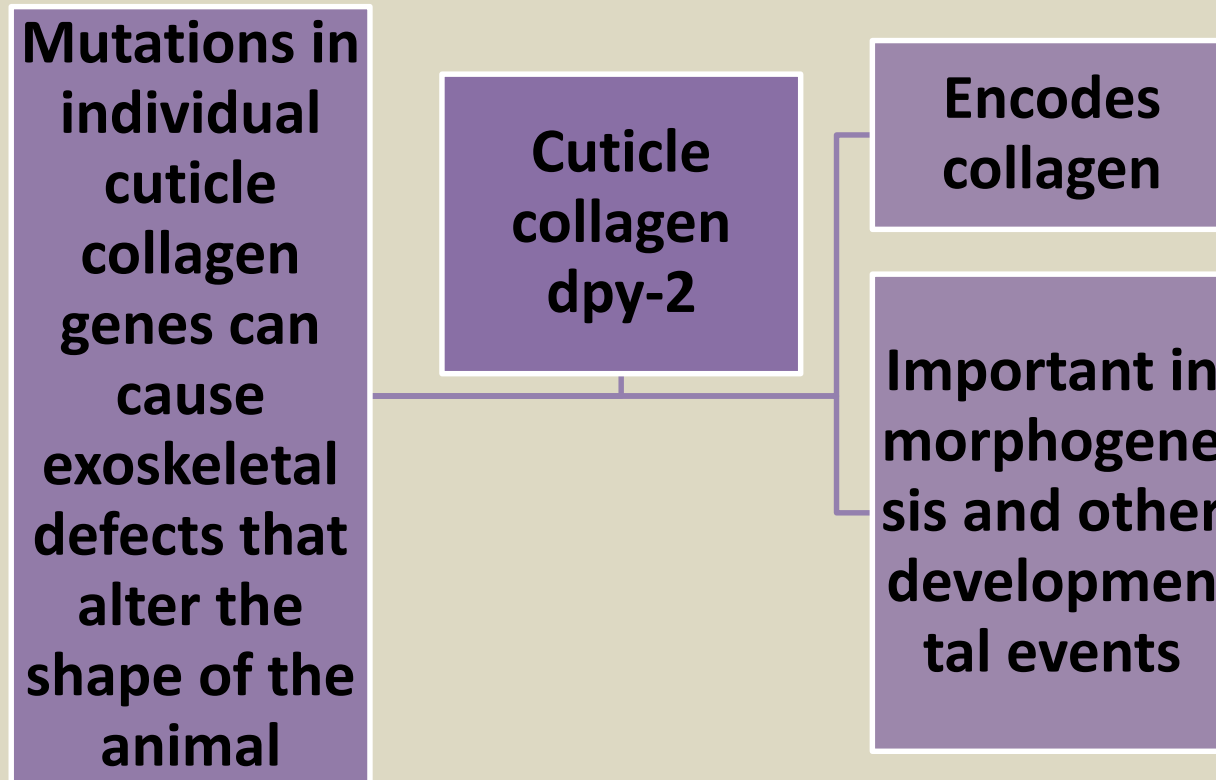


[Postma et al. \(2012\) Plant Physiol 160, 944-954.](#)

[Jones et al. \(2009 Mol Plant Pathol. 10 \(6\) 815-828.](#)

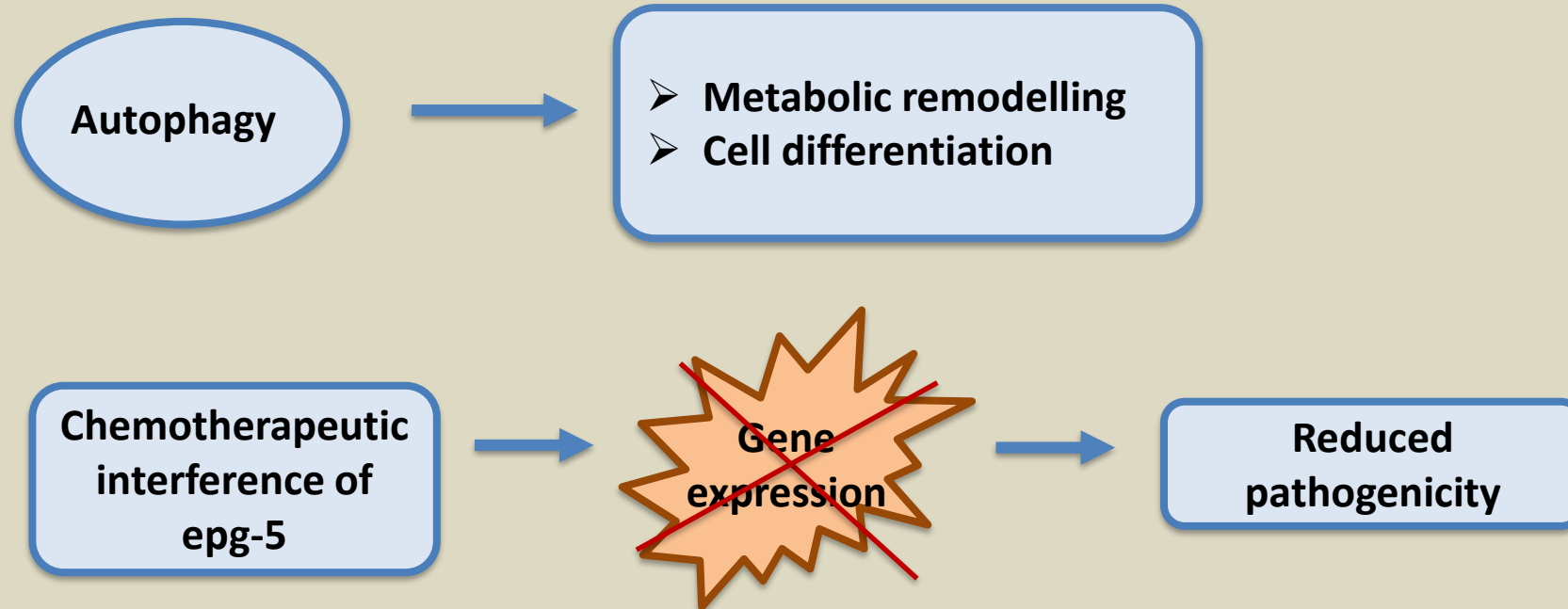
[Sacco et al. \(2009\) PLoS Pathogens 5 \(8\) e1000564.](#)

## Cuticle collagen dpy-2



Johnstone IL (2000) Trends in Genetics 16(1):21-7.

## Ectopic p granules protein-5 (epg-5)



Brennand *et al.* (2011). *Molecular and Biochemical Parasitology* 177 (2) 83–99.

## **BTB and MATH domain-containing protein 38 (bath-38)**

- **Mediate protein–protein interactions.**
- **Associated with signal transduction, cell-cycle regulation.**
- **Play an important role in nematode immunity.**

*Srinivasan et al. (2013) Genetics 193(4): 1279–1295.*

## Metabolic pathways associated with expressed genes

Secretory proteins		Uncharacterized proteins with secretory functions		Immunity and defense	
Cellulase, putative gland protein	▲▼	GPLIN_000044400	▲▼	Clp-1	▲▼
Cathepsin S-like cysteine protease	▲▼	GPLIN_000028880	▲▼	CTSS	▲▼
Eng-1	▲▼	GPLIN_000925800	▲▼	Exn-1	▲▼
Ivg-9	▲▼			bath-38	▲▼
<i>G. rostochiensis</i> 1106 effector	▲▼				
Rbp-4	▲▼				

▲ Upregulated in *S. sisymbriifolium*    ▼ Downregulated in *S. sisymbriifolium*  
 ▲ Upregulated in *S. tuberosum*        ▼ Downregulated in *S. tuberosum*

## Conclusion

- *Globodera pallida* infected in *S. sisymbriifolium* have 12 genes completely turned off.
- Downregulation of parasitism related genes including effector genes namely, Rbp-4 homologue and *Globodera rostochiensis* 1106 effector family ortholog in the *G. pallida* infected *S. sisymbriifolium*.
- High expression of immunity and defense genes when *G. pallida* was infected in *S. sisymbriifolium*. This attributes towards the unsuccessful effort of *G. pallida* to overcome the resistance of the plant.



## Acknowledgements

- USDA-NIFA
- USDA-APHIS
- Northwest Potato research Consortium
- Idaho Potato Commission



PCN Team, University of Idaho

**Thank you**